

W. Relocation Plan Guidelines

Relocation Plan Requirements

The relocation plan must be kept in plain sight and available for tenants to review and should be property specific, including at a minimum:

1. The name, address and contact person for the owner and management company.
2. Scope of the work to be completed, including estimated start and completion dates.
3. Planned measures to minimize construction impact on occupied units.
4. Projected rents and rental policies after rehab.
5. Advisory services to be offered.
6. Estimated determination as to Moving Cost Reimbursement.
7. A unit delivery schedule.

Owners must document compliance by including in each tenant's file all documentation related to relocation, including all notices and agreements referenced herein, as well as bill receipts and canceled checks. Be prepared to present this information to Virginia Housing upon request.

Relocation Assistance Guidelines

Effective immediately, these guidelines are amended to recognize changes to the Code of Virginia effective July 1, 2015 (§§ 55-222, 55-226.2, 55-248.4, 55-248.7:1, 55-248.7:2, 55-248.9:1, 55-248.15:1, 55-248.18 and 55-248.24).

In general, owners of projects which funding includes federal monies should adhere to regulations set forth under the [Uniform Relocation Assistance Act of 1970 \(URA\)](#), including RAD projects.

Virginia Housing guidelines focus on residents/tenants who are permanently or temporarily relocated as a direct result of the rehabilitation, demolition and/or construction of Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) projects.

Virginia Housing guidelines must be followed to qualify for Low Income Housing Tax Credits and will be incorporated by reference in and enforced by the Contract to Enforce Representations. Furthermore, violation of these guidelines will result in a penalty against future reservation applications.

Owner's Responsibility to Tenants

Open communication with tenants is helpful for both the owner and tenants as it helps to minimize rumors, misunderstandings and alleviate the stress of moving.

Permanent Relocation: A tenant is permanently relocated if his/her tenancy is terminated due to the rehabilitation of the unit or due to change in use. If a tenant is permanently relocated, a 120-day Notice must be delivered to the tenant, unless the lease is month-to-month and the tenant has agreed in writing to a lesser time period, in which case a 30 day notice must be issued.

120-day Notice

- Issued no less than 120 days prior to the day that the tenant must move;
- Addressed to the tenant at his/her current address;
- Informs the tenant that due to renovation they are required to move from the development, why they are required to move and states the move date;
- States the contact person for advisory services, types of services that are offered and hours as well as giving the option to make a scheduled appointment outside of normal hours if needed;
- Generally describes the relocation payment(s) for which the tenant may be eligible, the basic conditions of eligibility and the procedures for obtaining the payment (see Moving Cost Reimbursement below). Eligibility for relocation assistance shall begin on the date that acquisition negotiations are initiated or actual acquisition, whichever occurs first;
- States the contact information of management company if tenant has any questions or would like to discuss the assistance determination.

Tenant Advisory Services: Advisory Services may be provided by the property management company or outside vendor. The following services must be included but is not limited to only these items.

- Provides referrals for tenants to replacement properties, and contacts said properties to request priority for persons being displaced;
- Provides tenants with written information and/or translation services in their native languages if necessary;
- Provides appropriate counseling for tenants who are unable to read and understand notices;
- Provides contact information for questions and access to phone or computer if needed to make contact;
- Provides transportation for tenants needing to look at other housing, especially those who are elderly or disabled;
- Understand and anticipate the needs of families and the elderly and able to meet the special advisory services they may need;
- Allow and make tenants aware that appointments can be scheduled outside of normal business hours if needed.

Temporary Relocation (not to exceed 30 Days): The tenant will return to the original unit or be permanently relocated to a comparable unit at the same property in 30 days or less of the initial move date.

1. The owner must pay the tenant's moving and associated costs (including utility connection costs).
2. The owner provides amenities (to include day room, refreshments, meals, T.V., etc.) to any tenant that is displaced for a partial day, during daytime hours, up to five days.
3. The owner must provide advisory services

Under this section while the tenant should receive a 30-day Notice, the tenant can agree in writing to move in less than 30 days.

30-day Notice

- Issued no less than 30 days prior to the day that the tenant has to move, unless there is a health/safety concern;
- Addressed to the tenant at his/her current address;
- States the specific date by which the tenant is required to move and the time moving services will arrive at unit;
- States the responsibilities of the tenant pertaining to the move and contact information in order to request assistance with said responsibilities;
- States the address to which the tenant will be relocated;
- State, if applicable, the date on which the move-in inspection will be completed.

Temporary Relocation Due to Health & Safety Concerns (not to exceed 30 Days): Where a mold condition in the dwelling unit materially affects the health or safety of any tenant or authorized occupant, the owner may require the tenant to temporarily vacate the dwelling unit in order to perform remediation, in accordance with professional standards as defined in § 55-248.4 for a period not to exceed 30 days. The landlord shall provide the tenant with either (i) a comparable dwelling unit, as selected by the landlord, at no expense or cost to the tenant, or (ii) a hotel room, at no expense or cost to the tenant. See Code Section 55-248.12:2. Notice to the tenant can be immediate.

Temporary relocation longer than 30 Days: The owner must contact any tenant who has been or will be temporarily relocated for longer than 30 days. Owner will provide to the tenant Advisory Services and Moving Cost Reimbursement. This assistance will be in addition to assistance the tenant has already received for temporary relocation and may not be reduced by the amount of temporary relocation assistance already received.

Moving Cost Reimbursement

Owner's moving cost reimbursement to the tenant is limited to \$100.00 if either of the following applies:

- a. A tenant has minimal possessions and occupies a dormitory style room, or
- b. A tenant's move is performed by an agency at no cost to the tenant.

If neither 'a' nor 'b' above applies, and the tenant opts to move his/her belongings, the reimbursement to the tenant may be based on one or a combination of the following:

1. Based on the Federal Highway Administration's [Fixed Residential Moving Cost Schedule](#) (see Virginia) and on the number of rooms of furniture, **not** the number of bedrooms per unit.
2. Based on the Tenant's Actual Reasonable Moving and Related Expenses (including utility connection fees), which are defined as:
 - a. The lower of two bids or estimates prepared by a commercial mover; or
 - b. Receipted bills for labor and equipment.

Hourly labor rates should not exceed the rates paid by a commercial mover to employees performing the same activity and equipment rental fees should be based on the actual rental cost of the equipment not to exceed the cost paid by a commercial mover.

Processing Tenant Moving Cost Reimbursement Claims

To support claims for relocation, the tenant must be informed they are required to provide documentation, including bills, certified prices, appraisals and other evidence of expenses.

Owners must:

1. Provide reasonable assistance necessary to complete and file tenants' claims for payment;
2. Reimburse moving costs upon receipt of billing documentation from the tenant;
3. Provide expedited return of security deposits or allow tenants to apply security deposits to the last month's rent;
4. Make advanced payments, if a tenant demonstrates the need, in order to avoid or reduce a hardship (often tenants will need these payments for security deposits);

5. Promptly notify the tenant in writing of its determination, the basis for its determination and the procedures for appealing that determination, if it disapproves all or part of a payment claimed or refuses to consider the claim on its merits because of untimely filing or other grounds;
6. Not propose or request that a displaced tenant waive his or her rights or entitlements to relocation assistance and benefits.

Owners must document compliance by including in each tenant's file all documentation related to relocation, including all notices and agreements referenced herein, as well as bill receipts and canceled checks. Be prepared to present this information to Virginia Housing upon request.